

Why Collect  
**WATER QUALITY**  
Data When All You Need is  
**FLOW?**  
*(or Vice-Versa!)*

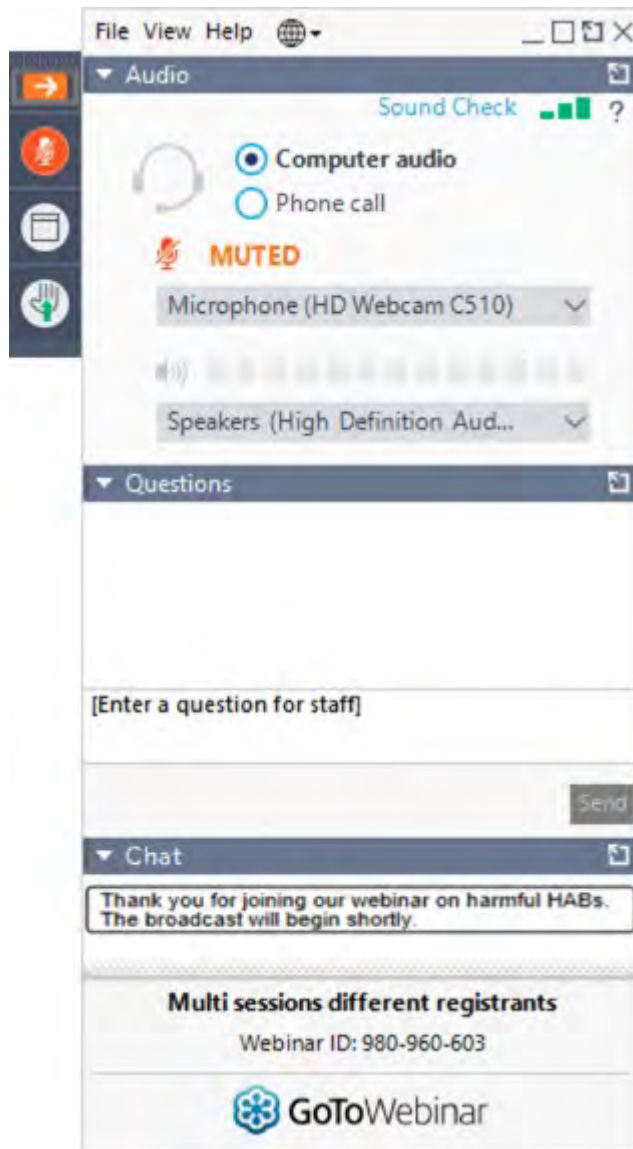


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# Welcome to Our Webinar!



Modify Audio Settings

Please Ask Questions!

## Audio Settings

Make sure you can hear us loud and clear

## Video Quality

If you are connected to a VPN, please disconnect for better video quality.

## Ask Questions

We'll try to answer as many as we can during the presentation

## Chat

You can also use the Chat panel to ask questions or contact us if you're having technical difficulties

**Please Note: This live webinar will be recorded.**



## Your Host

**Dr. Stephanie A. Smith,  
Product Segment Manager for  
Integrated Systems and  
Services**

# Agenda

- Speaker Introductions
- Part I: Why look at both Water Quality and Flow?
- Part II: Protecting Indiana's Natural Resources from Nutrient Pollution
- Part II: Nutrient Loading and Nutrient Flux
- Final Q&A



## Nate Bosch, PhD

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Environmental Science Professor, Grace College

- Director, Lilly Center for Lakes & Streams
- Published limnologist focused on Great Lakes and smaller inland lakes and streams

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## Adrienne Daeger

Lilly Center Research Program Specialist



- Leads student research, program ops, public outreach
- B.S. Biology, Huntington University, Indiana with focus on Environmental Studies



## Stephanie A. Smith, PhD

YSI Integrated Systems and Services Segment Manager

- Oversees new product development, engaging customers for defining requirements and after-market support
- Core expertise in microbiology, esp. Harmful Algal Blooms and monitoring technologies

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## Xue Fan, PhD

SonTek Senior Application Engineer

- Field testing and customer training for new SonTek technologies
- Collaborates with world's leading scientists to define requirements for new products in development



# 1

## Flow & Water Quality: Why Both Matter

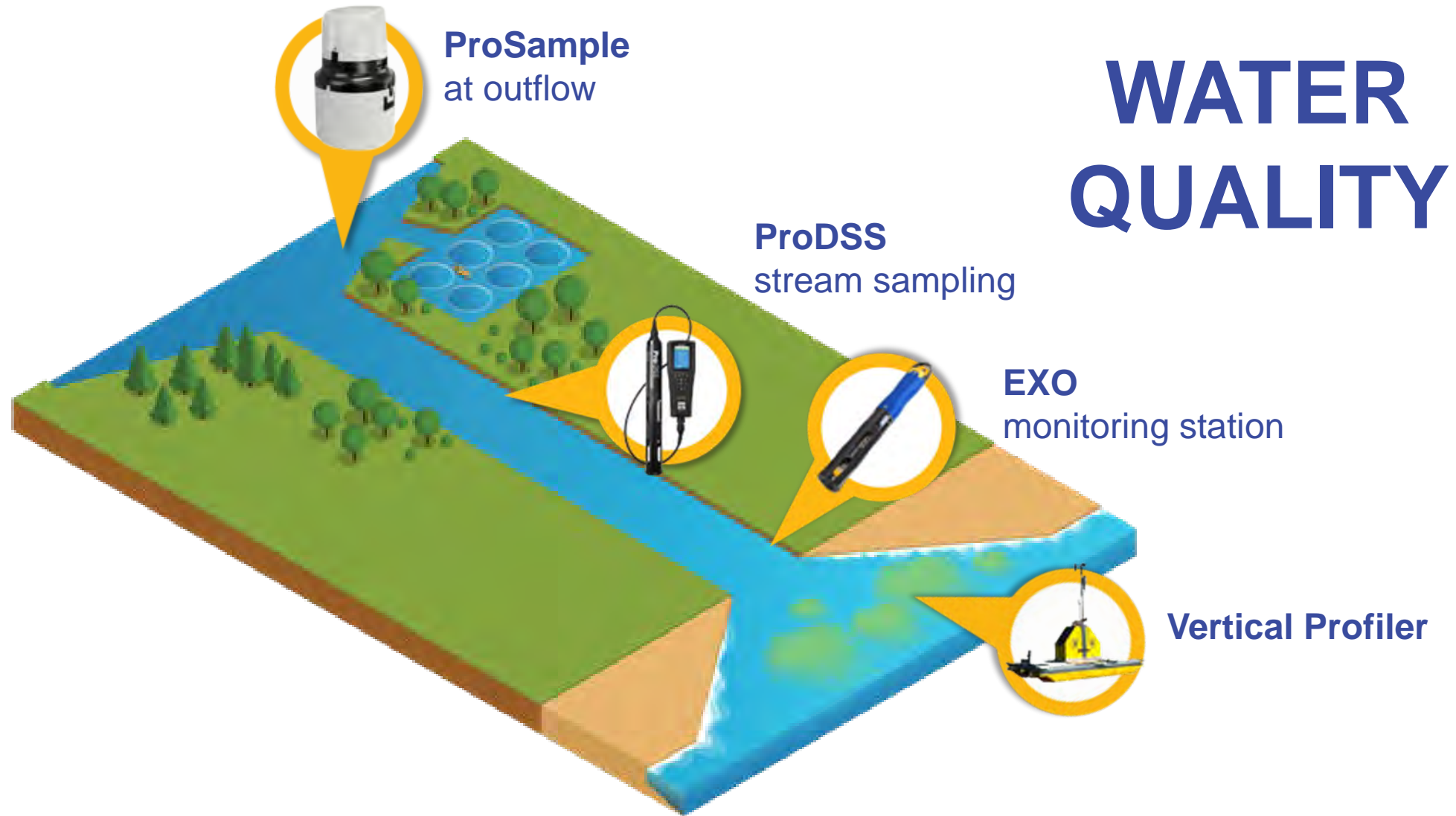


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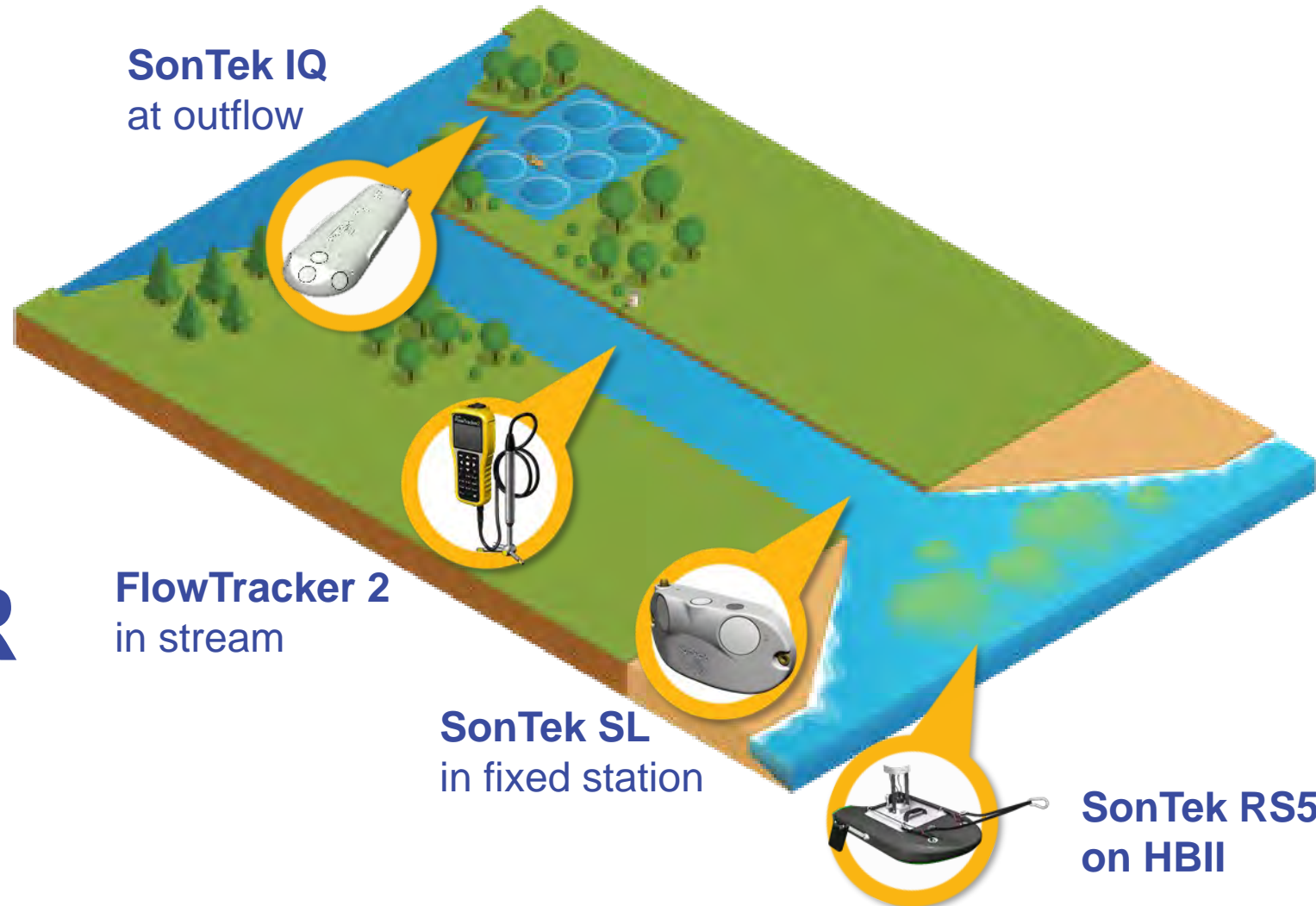
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# Which Side of the Stream Are You On?



# Which Side of the Stream Are You On?

## WATER FLOW





# Why Monitor Both Water Quality and Water Flow?





# 15,000

## Water Bodies Impaired by Nutrients (USA)

Loop, T. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Water (2015). The Facts about Nutrient Pollution.  
Retrieved from <https://www.epa.gov/nutrientpollution>



# Fertilizers





# Animal Manure





# Wastewater Effluents





# Eutrophication





# Harmful Algal Blooms





# Health Impacts





# Harmful Algal Blooms

REMEDICATION

\$1.1  
BILLION

<https://smartwatermagazine.com/news/environmental-working-group-ewg/us-preventing-and-treating-algae-blooms-has-cost-least-11>



# Is Water Quality Enough?

NITRATE-N

PH/ORP

DISSOLVED OXYGEN

CONDUCTIVITY

TEMPERATURE

TURBIDITY

TOTAL ALGAE

FDOM



exo Nitra LED

SonTek

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YSI

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# 2

## Flow & Water Quality in the Real World



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**LAKES  
& STREAMS**

# Sensors and Samples

Stream network for informed lakes research

Dr. Nate Bosch, Director

Adrienne Daeger, Research Program Specialist

March 31, 2021

Context

Research

Education

Collaboration

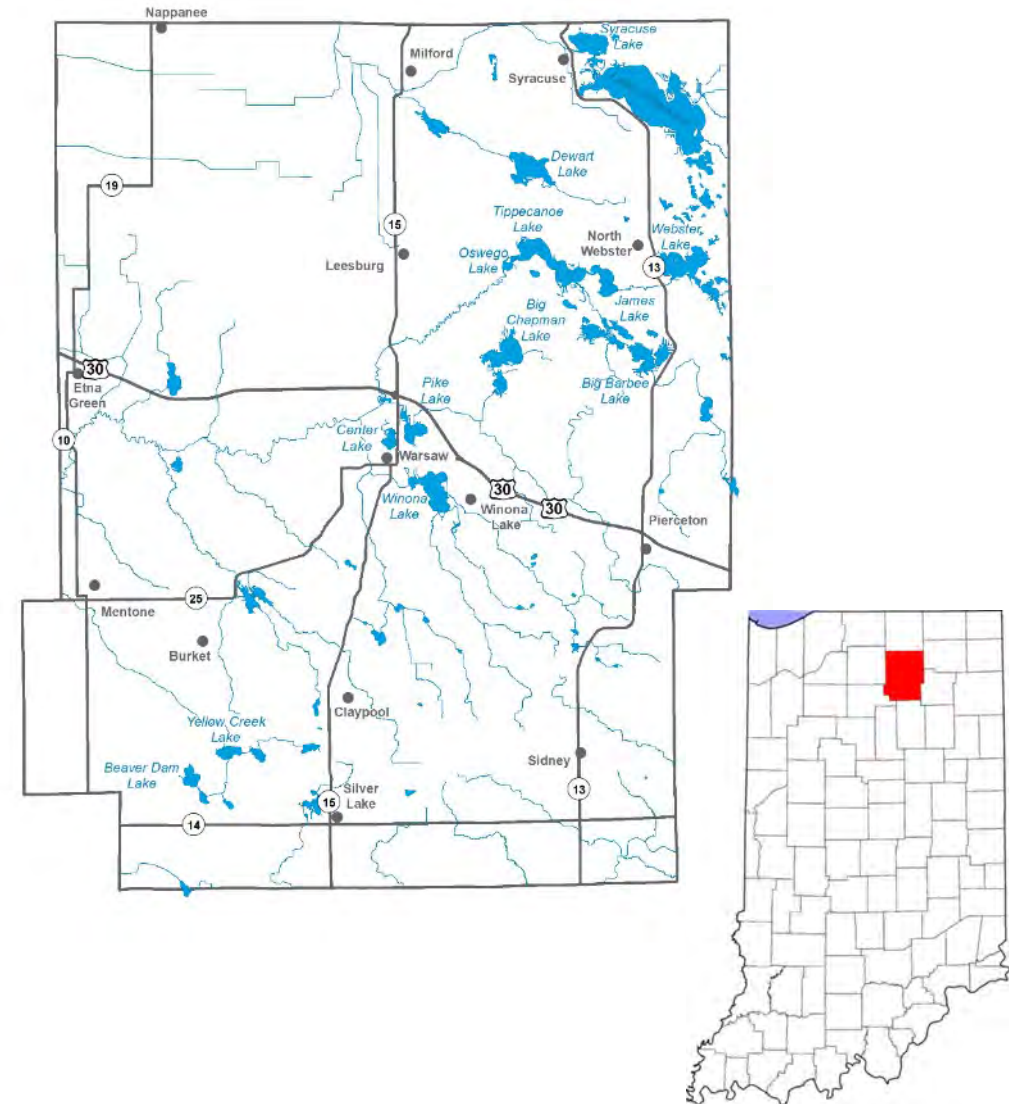
Next Steps



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# Context

- Kosciusko County, Indiana
- Lakes
  - Over 100 lakes
  - Lake Wawasee
  - Lake Tippecanoe
- Streams
  - Almost 600 miles of streams
  - Tippecanoe River
- Continental divide



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# Context

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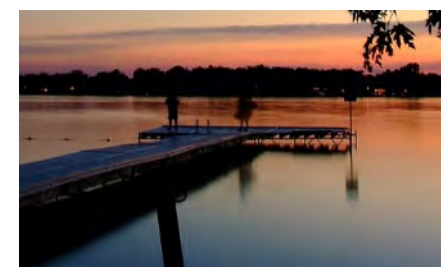
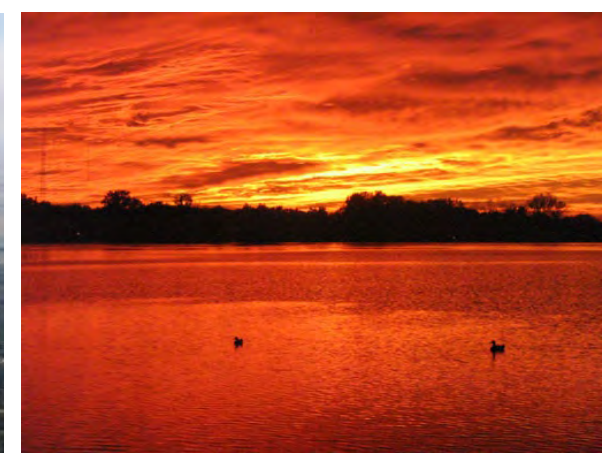
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Context

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Context

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LILLY CENTER FOR  
**LAKES  
& STREAMS**

# Our Mission

Making our lakes and streams clean, healthy, safe and beautiful.

# Our Strategy

- Research
  - Solving problems strategically
  - Identifying emerging threats
- Education
  - Inspiring the next generation
  - Changing behavior now
- Collaboration
  - Effectiveness
  - Efficiency

Context

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Next Steps



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# Research

- Lake and **stream sampling**
- Economic impact of lakes
- Trends analysis
- Lake water levels
- Public sewers around lakes
- Blue-green algae toxins
- Boating and zebra mussels
- Weed control in lakes and shoreline vegetation around lakes

Context

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Research activities:

- Lakes weekly in summer
- Streams biweekly year-round
- Undergraduate student team

Research foci:

- BGA & toxins
- Nutrient budgets

Context

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## Streams:

- 6 lakes, 3 lake chains
- 12 stream sites
- 9 yrs of biweekly stream flow and quality data

## Goals:

- Nutrient budgets for lakes
- Daily mean flows for inflows/outflows
- Public visibility





Context

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- Diverse streams  
Outflows dam controlled  
Between 0.062 cms and 4.27 cms springtime averages
- Diverse weather



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## Sensors

- 11 of 12 privately funded
- 2018-2019
- Private and public sites
- 5 "sidelooking," 5 bottom-mounted, 2 bubblers





Context

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<https://lakes.grace.edu/live-data/>

- All running over 1 yr
- High community engagement
- Easy to initiate storm sampling
- Higher resolution of flow data







Context

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Next Steps



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& STREAMS**

- Upkeep
- Vandalism  
Stolen solar panels/batteries,  
broken locks
- Large datasets!





Context

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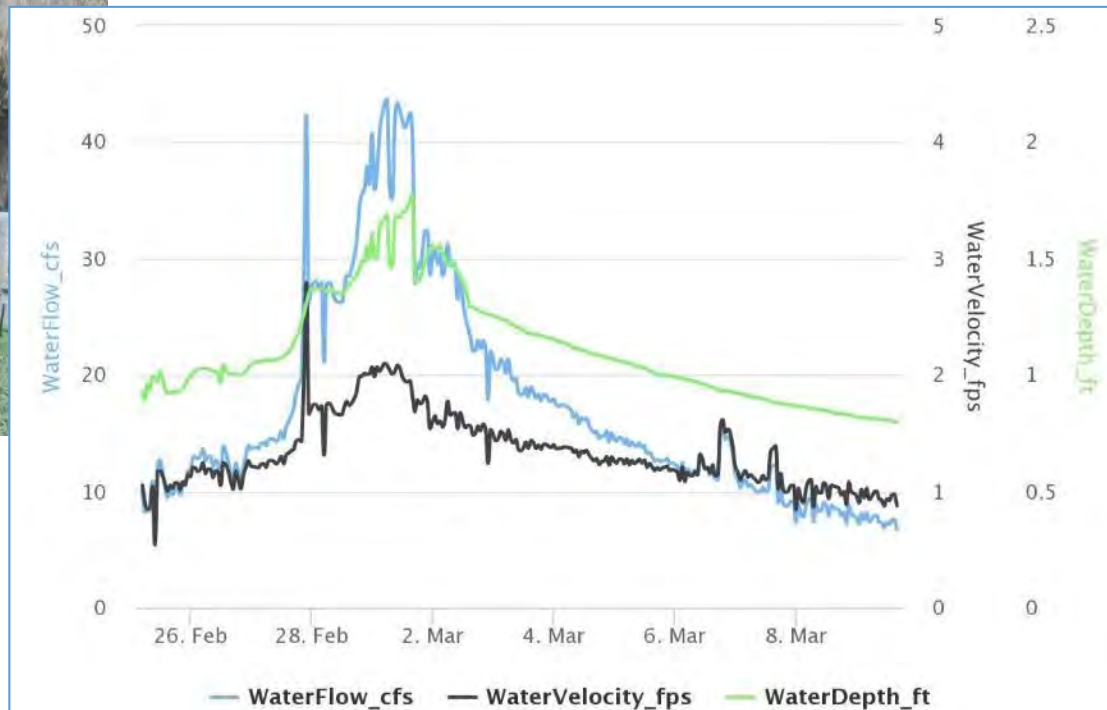
Next Steps



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& STREAMS**

## Next steps

- Calculate stream loads using new dataset
- Educational signage for the most visible sites
- Ongoing sensor maintenance



Thank you!



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**GRACE**  
COLLEGE

# 3

## Nutrient Loads, Flux, and Pollutant Monitoring

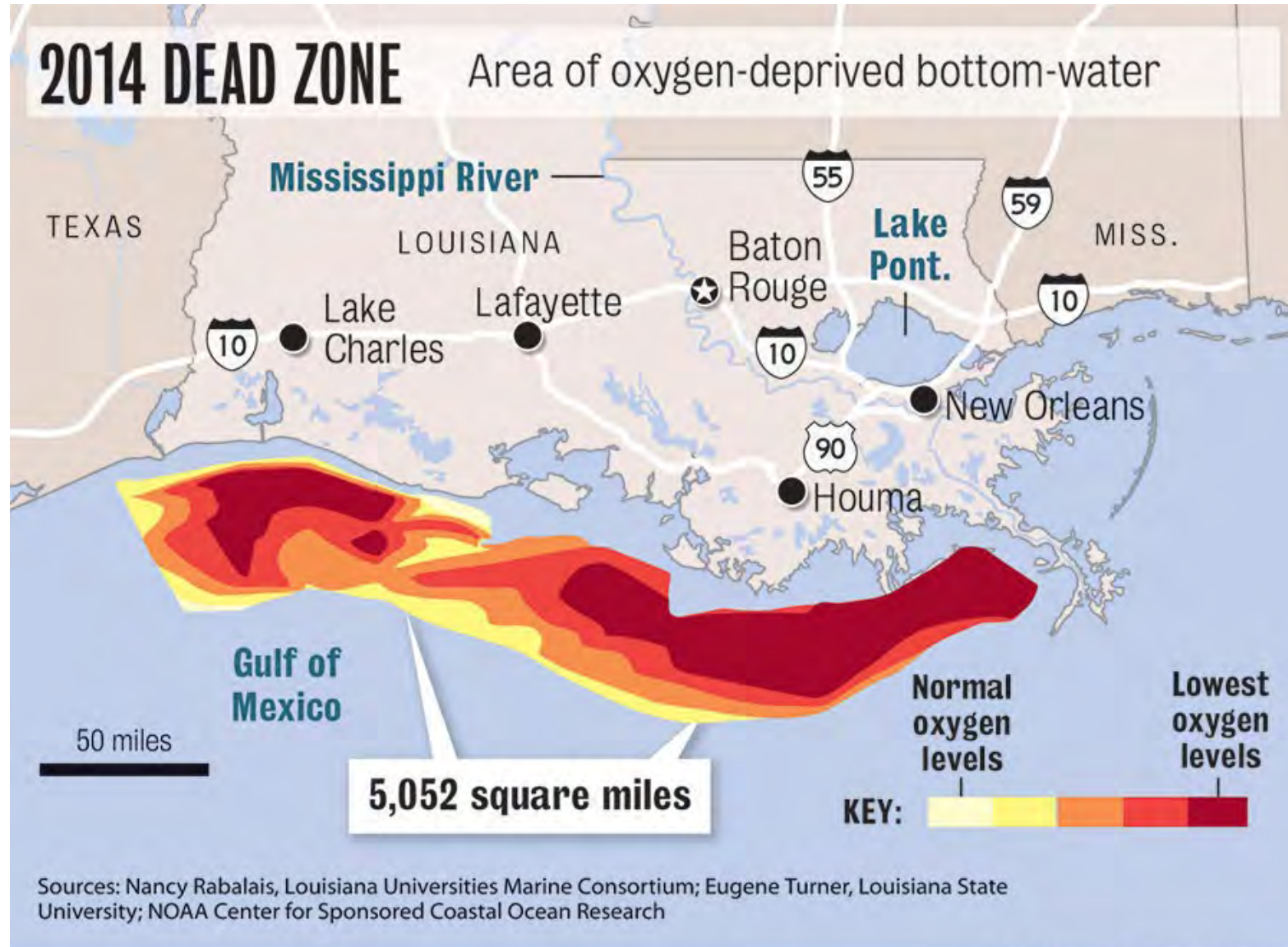


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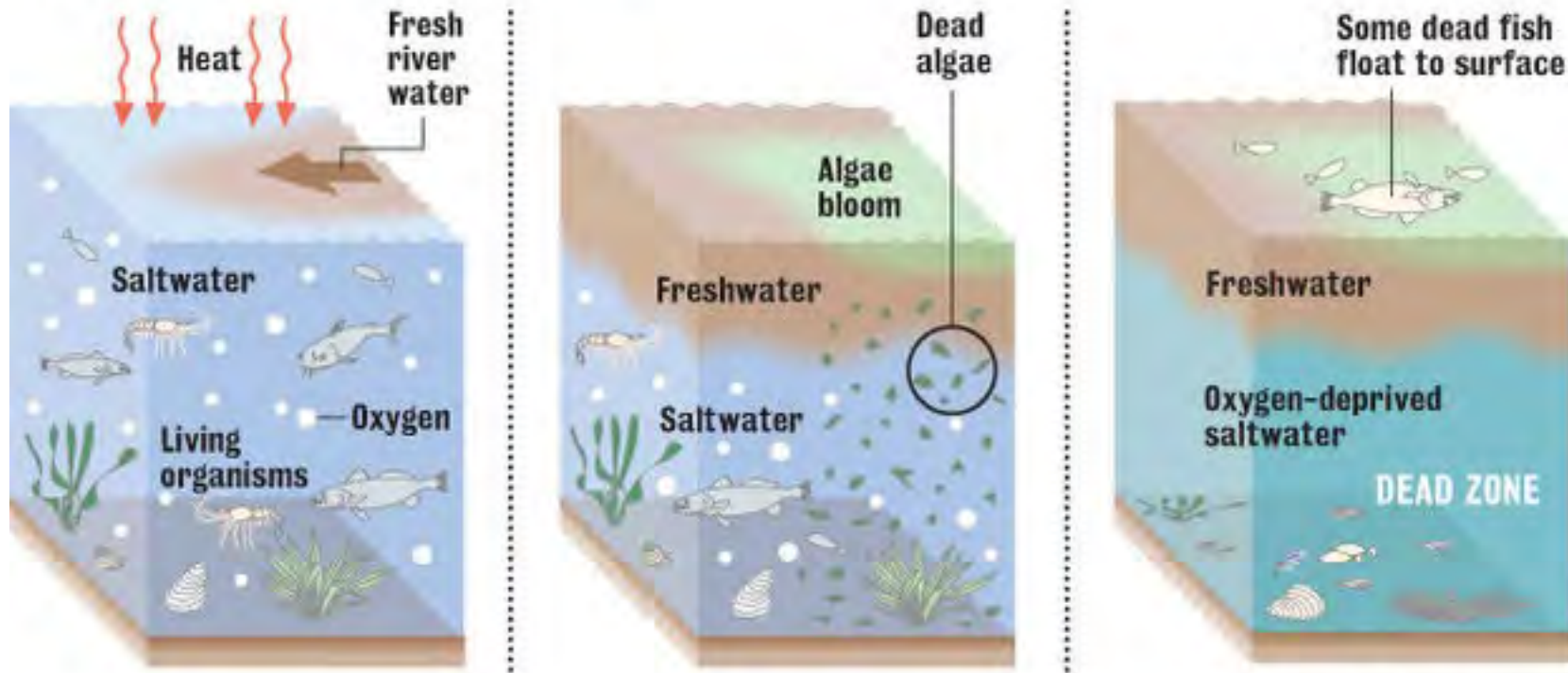
# Hypoxia - Dead Zones



# Hypoxia - Dead Zones

Where nitrogen-rich rivers enter the sea:

## HOW THE DEAD ZONE FORMS



Dan Swenson, NOLA.com | The Times-Picayune

# What is Causing the Dead Zone?

## Mississippi Basin (USA)



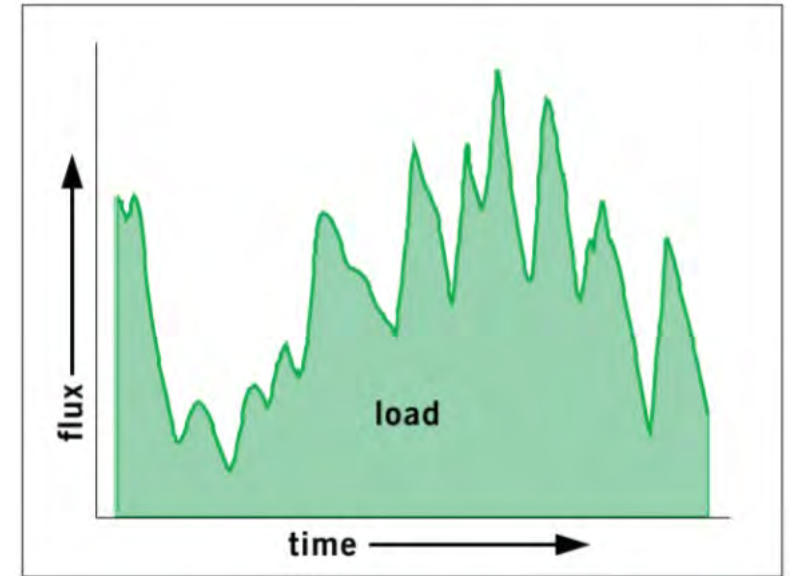
<https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Mississippirivermapnew.jpg>

# Nutrient Concentration vs. Nutrient Flux, Load

**Concentration**



**Flow**



[https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2016-05/documents/tech\\_notes\\_8\\_dec\\_2013\\_load.pdf](https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2016-05/documents/tech_notes_8_dec_2013_load.pdf)

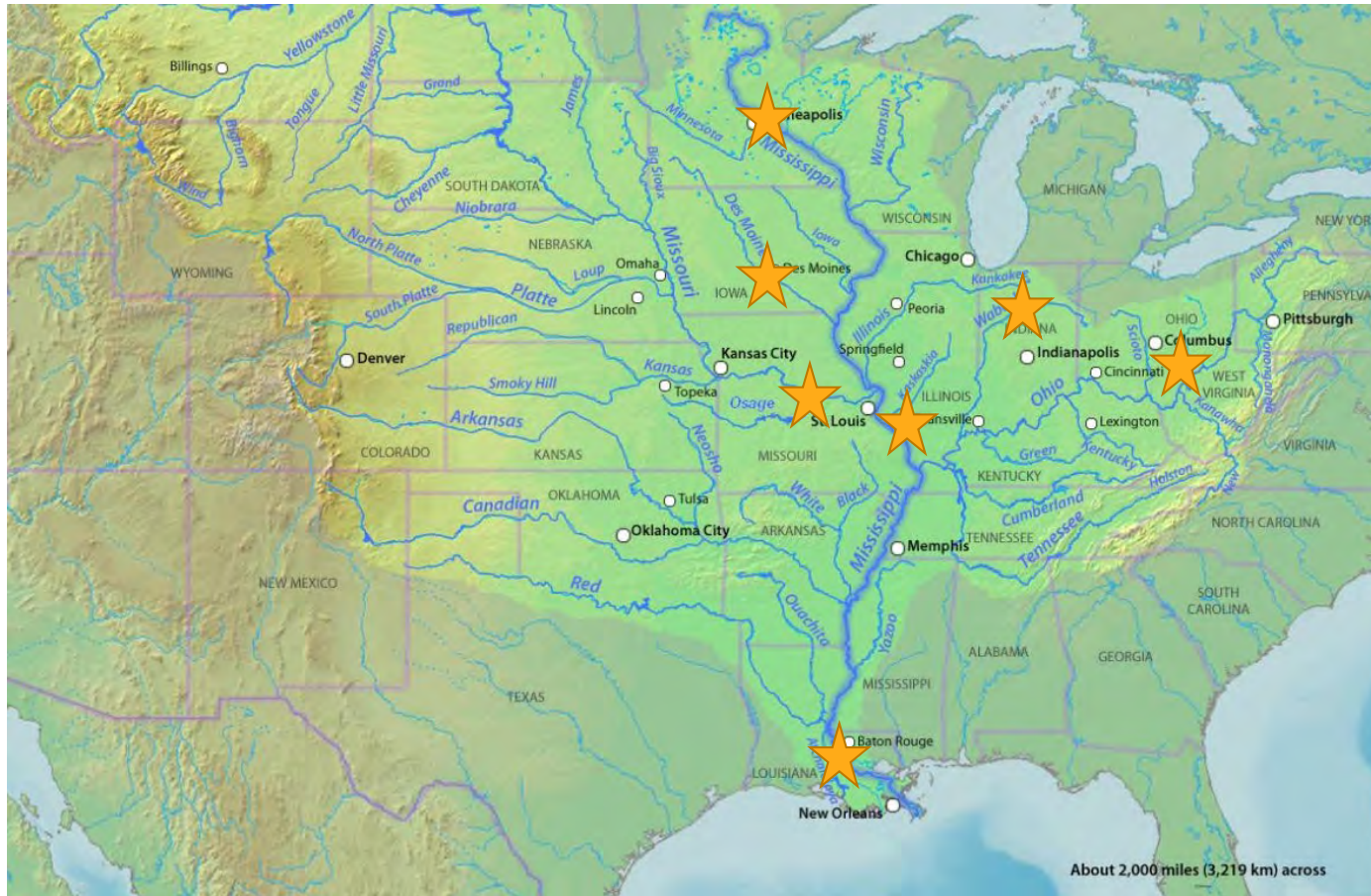
Nutrient Flux = **Concentration** x **Flow**

Nutrient Load = Integral of Nutrient Flux

**TOTAL AMOUNT OF  
NUTRIENT OVER  
TIME PERIOD**



# Nutrient Parameters – Is a Nutrient Concentration Enough?



USGS Fact Sheet. 2000. Nitrogen in the Mississippi Basin – Estimating sources and predicting flux to the Gulf of Mexico  
<https://ks.water.usgs.gov/pubs/fact-sheets/fs.135-00.pdf>

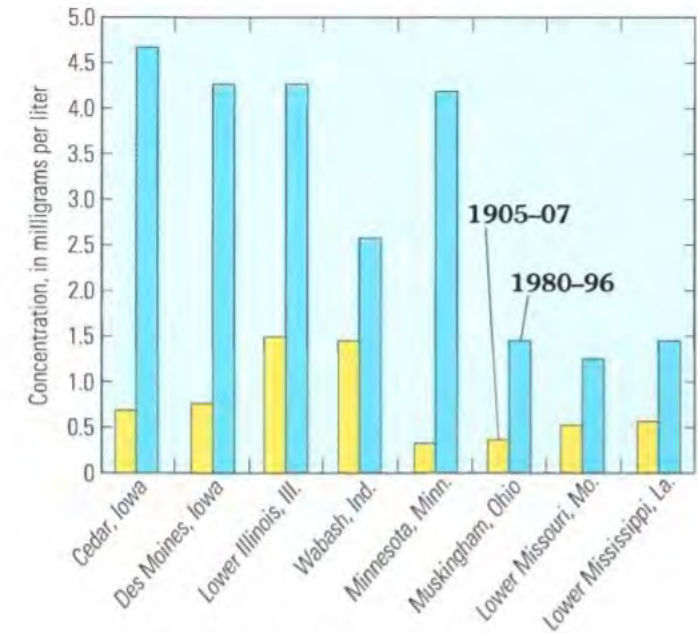
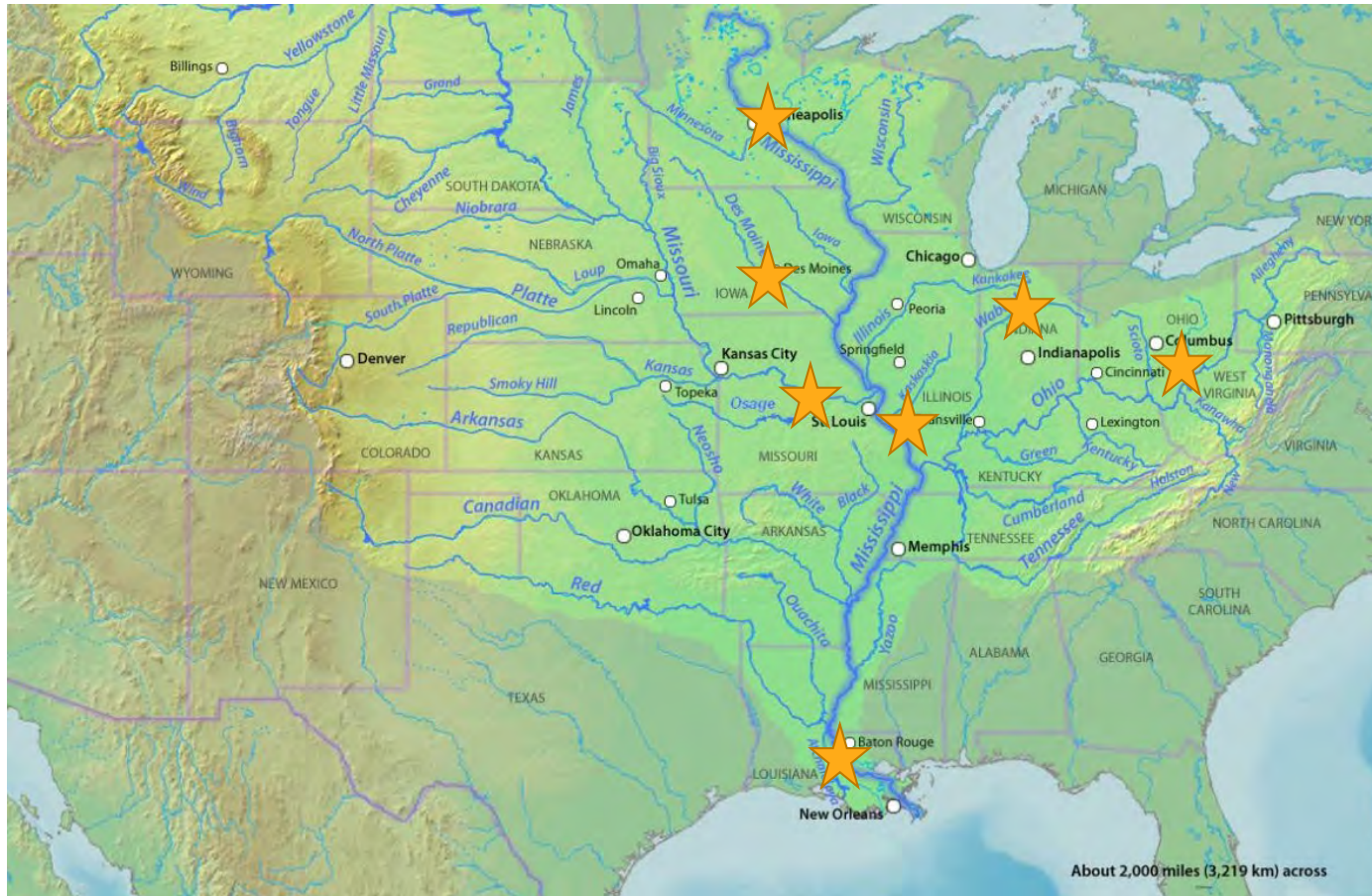


Figure 3. Average annual nitrate concentrations in selected rivers during 1905-07 and 1980-96.

<https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Mississippirivermapnew.jpg>

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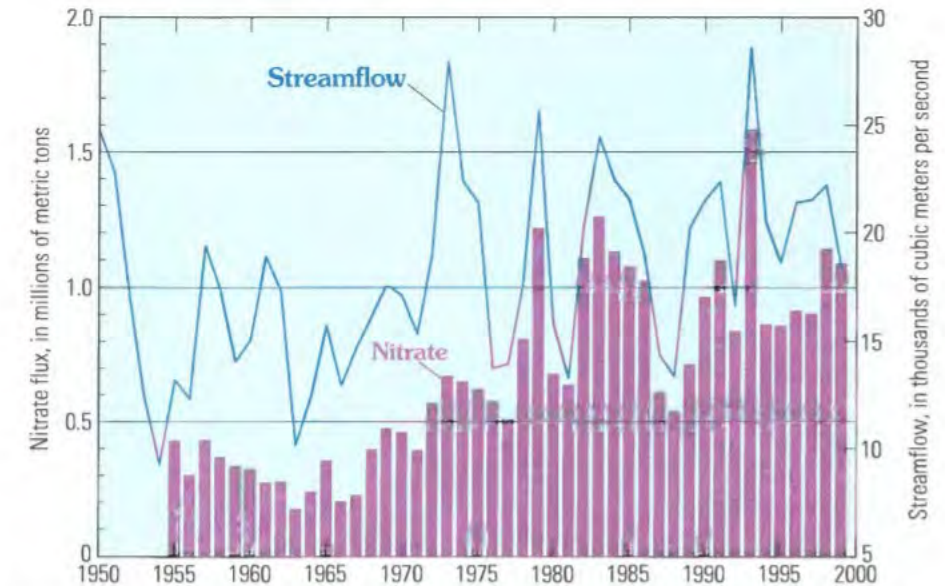


Figure 4. Annual nitrate flux and mean annual streamflow from the Mississippi River Basin to the Gulf of Mexico.

# Combining Nitrogen Concentration and Flow

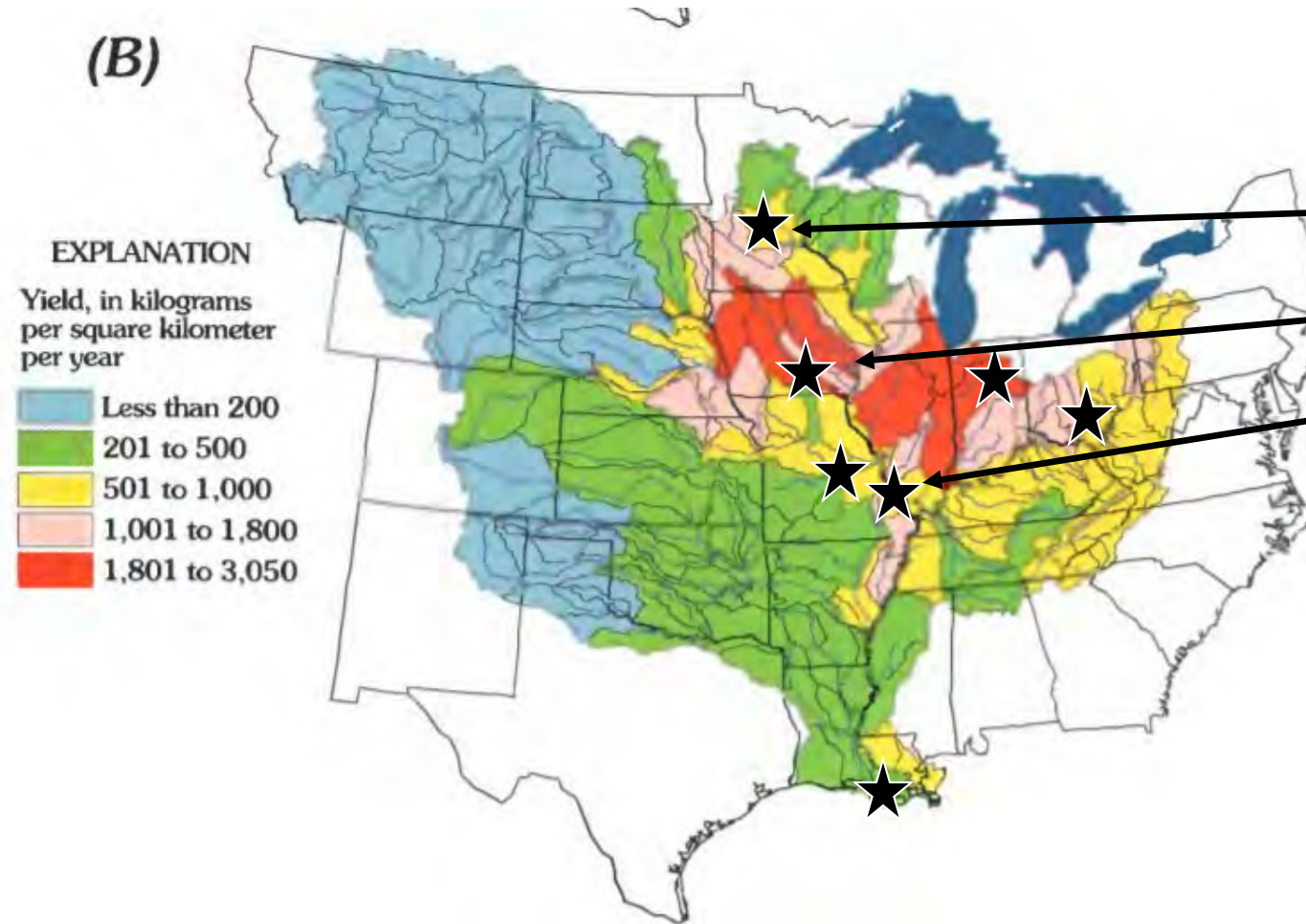


Figure 6. (A) Nitrogen inputs during 1992 and (B) average annual nitrogen yields of streams for 1980-96 (modified from Goolsby and others, 1999).

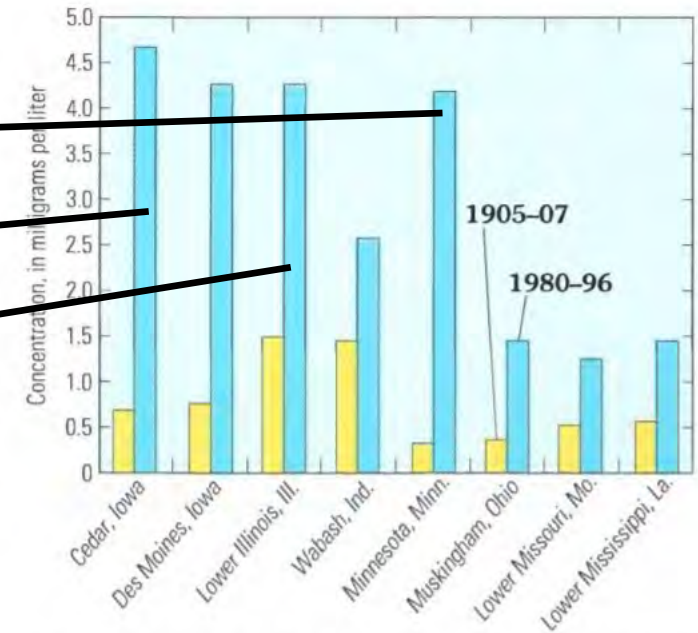


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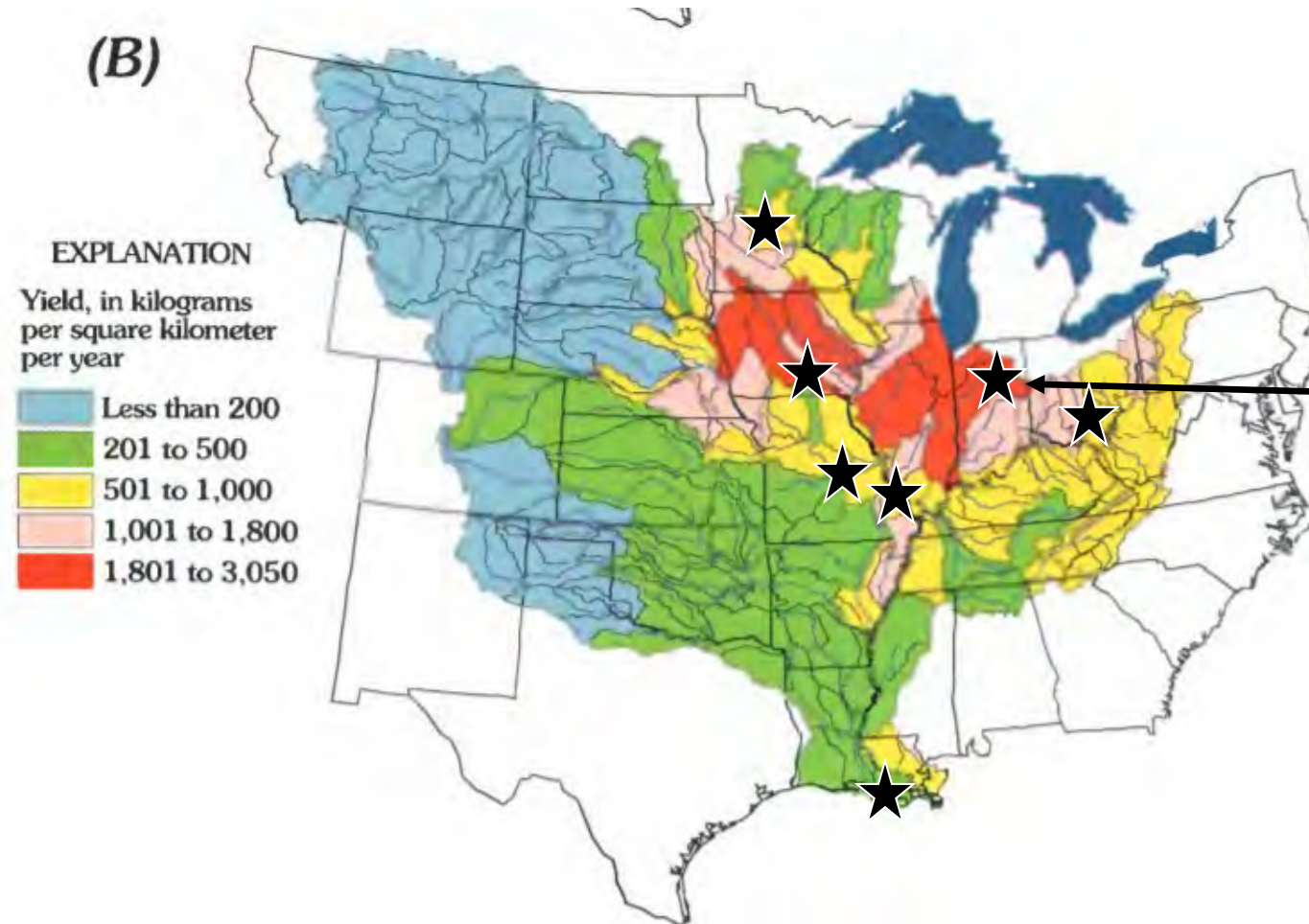


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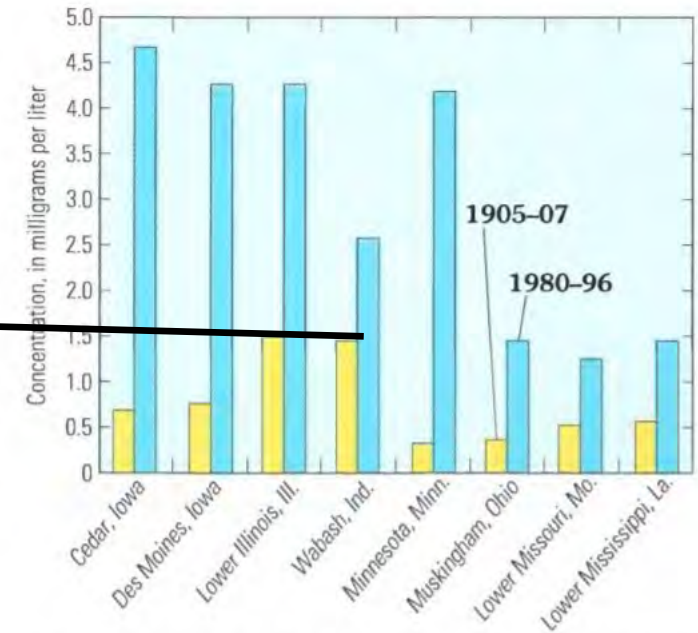


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# Summary

- The aim of nutrient monitoring should be to understand both **flux** and **loading**
- Measurement of flux and loading requires both **water quality** and **flow** data
- **Manual** sample collection, **portable** and **continuous monitoring** instruments can be combined to obtain nutrient data

# A Complete Solution



# 4

Questions?



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# Acknowledgments



**Courtney Sutherland**

YSI ISS Marketing  
Communications Coordinator



**Christina Iarossi**

SonTek Senior Marketing  
Communications Manager



**Kyle Kaminski**

Xylem Analytics Regional  
Representative